THE VICTORIAN BAR WELLBEING AT THE VICTORIAN BAR SUMMARY REPORT AND ANALYSIS

Presented by Dr Matt Collins QC President of the Victorian Bar

October 2018



Wellbeing at the Victorian Bar survey

The *Wellbeing at the Victorian Bar* survey was completed by **856 members**, which represents an overall response rate of **40% of total Victorian practising Counsel**.

Who filled it out:

- 60% men, 40% women.
- 43% under 10 years' call, 57% over 10 years' call.

Questions covered two key areas:

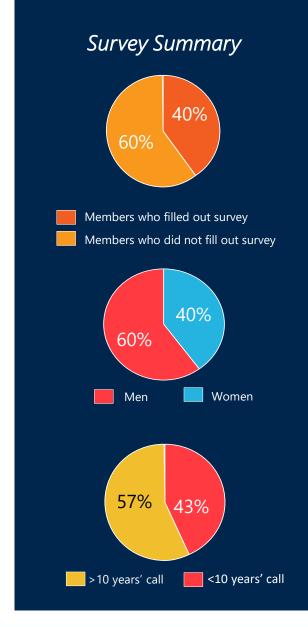
SURVEY QUESTIONS

Wellbeing

Work-related Quality of Life: work-life balance, working conditions *Workplace Wellbeing:* perceived productivity, job satisfaction *Personal Wellbeing:* perfectionism, workload management

<u>Conduct</u>

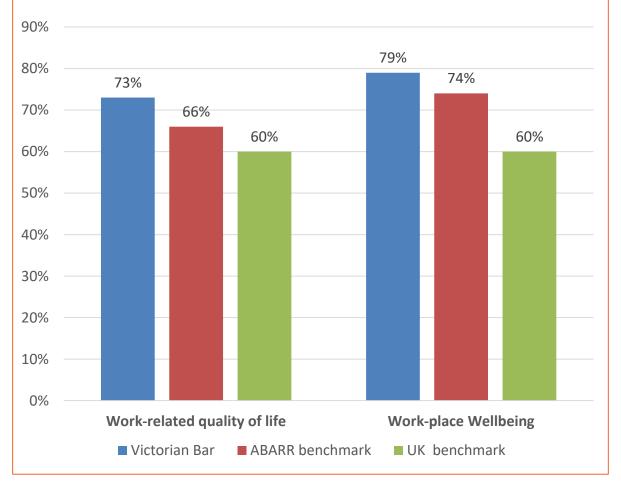
Discrimination: gender, age, race and other **Harassment:** unwelcome sexual conduct, unwelcome sexual advances **Bullying:** workplace and judicial: age, experience, areas of practice





Key Insights - Wellbeing

Quality of Work Life and Workplace Wellbeing



Headline results were mostly encouraging and were in line with or exceeded the benchmark sample:

Quality of working life: Three in four (73%) respondents agreed or strongly agreed they were satisfied with the overall quality of their working lives

2 **Enjoyment of work:** More than four in five (84%) respondents agreed or strongly agreed they enjoy their work

Job satisfaction: Four in five (79%) reported overall satisfaction with their jobs

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4 **Contentment:** Two in three (66%) agreed or strongly agreed they felt good or content with life as a whole

Benchmarks: The samples used as comparative data are the 2017 Barrister Wellbeing survey of a group of 1088 Australian barristers (ABARR) and a UK sample of 6,000 academics from 10 different UK universities (UK).



Work-related Quality of Life Analysis

Victorian barristers are generally satisfied with the quality of their working lives

Description	Survey % Agree	ABARR % Agree	UK % Agree
General Wellbeing – extent to which content with life as a whole	66	64	55
Home-work Interface – extent to which chambers/organisation understands or helps with pressures outside work	49	56	58
Job Career Satisfaction – general happiness with ability to do work	64	58	56
Control at Work – feeling involved in decisions that affect you at work	58	60	54
Working Conditions – feeling happy with conditions in which you work	73	74	66
Stress at Work – how far you agree that you experience stress at work	68	66	45
Overall Quality of Working Life – overall satisfaction with quality of working life as a whole	73	66	60



>5% less satisfaction than ABARR benchmark Similar satisfaction with ABARR benchmark

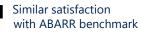


Workplace Wellbeing Analysis

Victorian barristers are satisfied with their jobs

Question	Survey % Agree	ABARR % Agree	UK % Agree
I am paid fairly for the job I do, given my experience	75	70	50
l enjoy my work	84	82	74
I get a sense of achievement from doing my job	90	88	75
I am able to get the sleep I need every night	33	33	43
Overall, taking everything into consideration, I am satisfied with my job as a whole	79	74	60

>5% more satisfaction than ABARR benchmark





Personal Wellbeing Analysis

Victorian barristers have strong levels of wellbeing, but are self-critical

The 5 Wellbeing Factors	Survey % Agree	ABARR % Agree
1. Psychological Wellbeing: extent to which an individual experiences a positive mood	68	66
2. Perfectionism: extent to which an individual is self- critical. Generally, a higher score is associated with <i>lower</i> overall wellbeing	74	71
3. Workload Management: an individual's sense of being able to manage pressures or demand arising from work	48	50
4. Role Management: how far an individual understands what they have to do and can be trusted to deliver work	90	90
5. Supportive Work Environment: a sense of being valued, being supported in a social and development sense	66	66





1 Discrimination

² Sexual Harassment

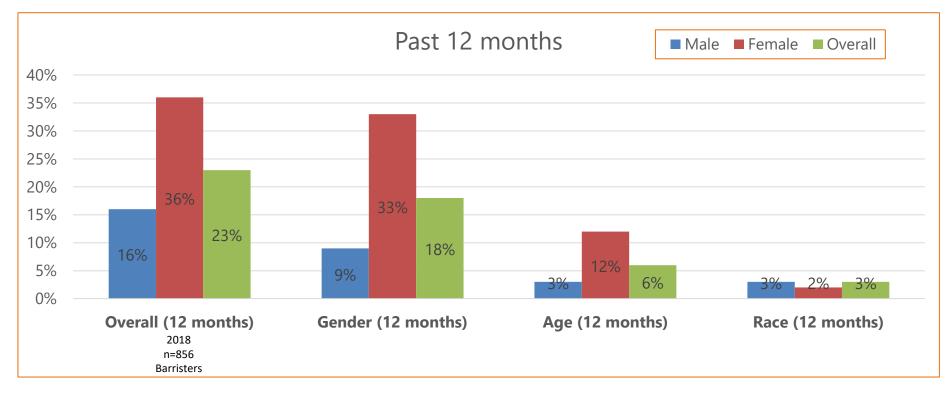
3 Workplace Bullying







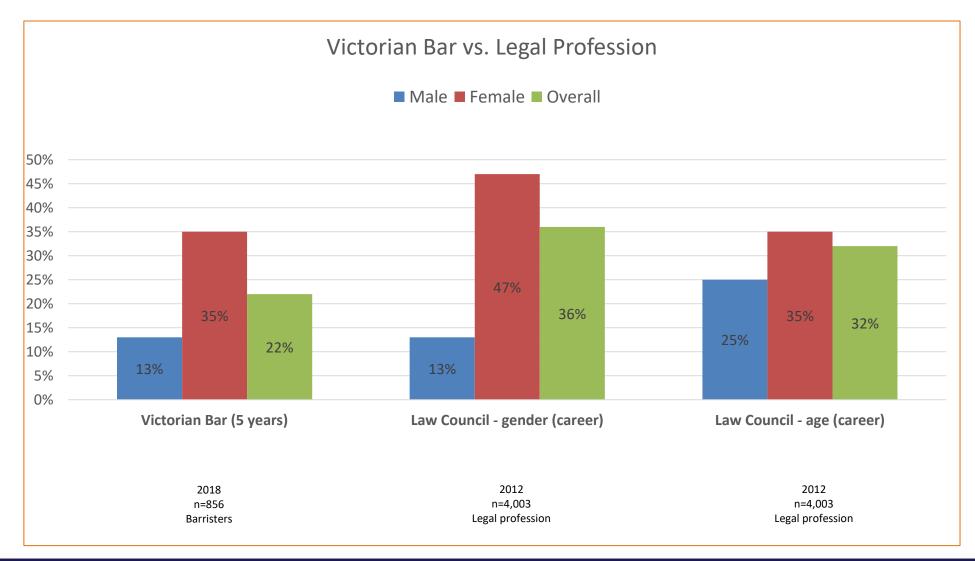
Discrimination – Key Findings



 60% of persons identified as responsible for discrimination were <u>external</u> to the Bar.

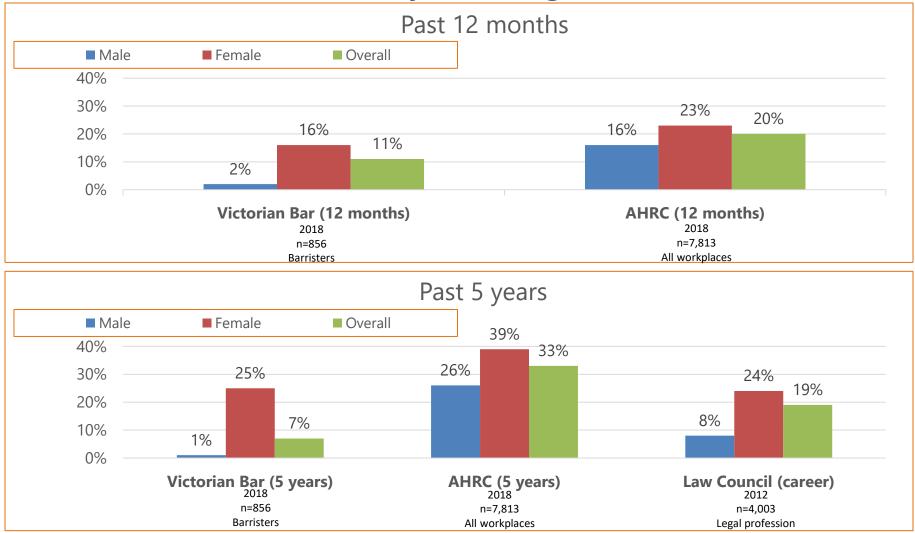


Discrimination – Key Findings (cont.)





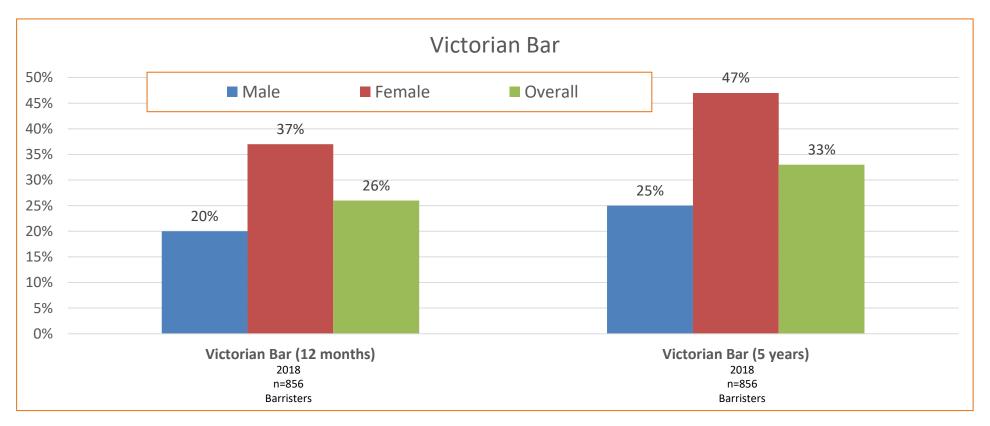
Sexual Harassment – Key Findings



Benchmark: The benchmark used is the Australian Human Rights Commission's 2018 Fourth national survey on sexual harassment in Australian workplaces, which was a survey undertaken by 7,813 Australian employees, and the Law Council's 2012 legal profession survey results.



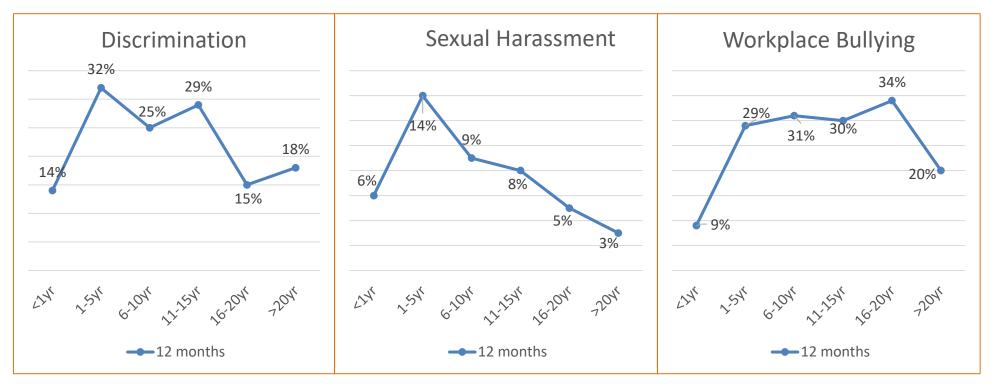
Workplace Bullying – Key Findings



• The survey results indicate that **two-thirds** of persons identified as responsible for workplace bullying are **external** to the Bar.



Conduct by Years of Practice

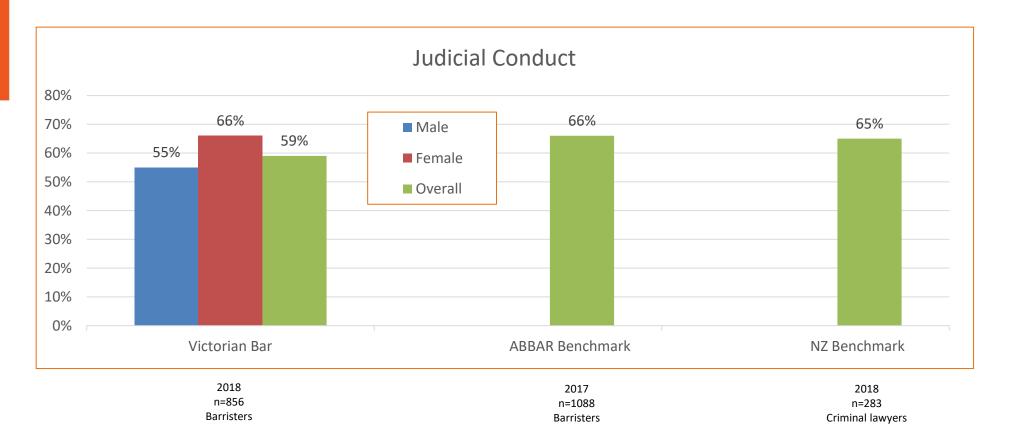


- Discrimination experienced by barristers peaks between 1 to 5 years' call
- Sexual harassment experienced by barristers peaks between 1 to 5 years' call
- Workplace bullying affects all levels of seniority at the Bar



Judicial Conduct – Key Findings

Question: Have you experienced Judicial Bullying?*



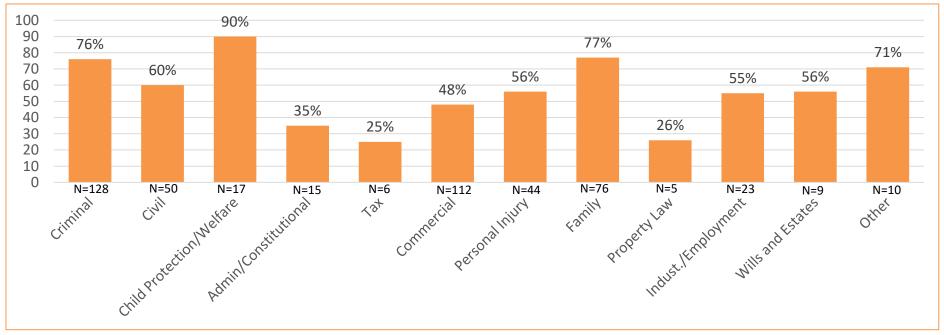
*No time period was specified, it is assumed the question relates to judicial bullying experienced over the course of a barrister's career.

Benchmark: The benchmarks used are the ABARR and NZ Criminal Bar Association's survey of 283 criminal lawyers conducted in March 2018.



Judicial Conduct

By Area of Practice



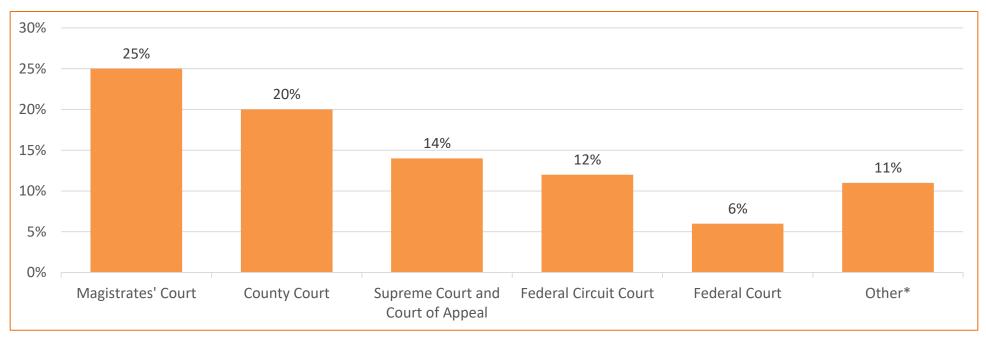
• Areas of practice with the highest reported rates of judicial conduct are **family law, child protection law and criminal law**

*Percentage figures are the percentage of respondents in each practice area



Judicial Conduct

By Jurisdiction



- 88% of those who reported having experienced Judicial Conduct also reported the court in which it occurred
- The data presented should be carefully interpreted as it is possible the difference in percentages is due to the frequency of barrister appearances in each court.

*Other: Includes the Family Court, VCAT, AAT, the Coroner's Court and Fair Work Australia.



How could your quality of working life be improved?

In the survey, 381 of the 856 respondents (45%) had an answer to this open question.

The main areas of concern were:

- Better judicial behaviour (16.5% of respondents)
- Fair and/or timely payment for work done (13.4%)
- Work-life balance (9.7%)
- Court scheduling or late briefing (7.3%)
- Peer support (5.8%)

Judicial behaviour

"Judicial bullying is alive and well."

"There needs to be a process to complain about judicial behaviour without fear of being subject to repercussions."

Peer support

"I feel somewhat isolated and feel I have not developed many real friendships at the Bar."

Court scheduling or late briefing

"By having adequate time to prepare matters by not being given last minute instructions."

Work-life balance

"Shorter working hours, less weekend work."

Fair and timely payment

"Being paid for preparation and the extra work done on briefs."



Actions

What the Bar has done

- Conduct policies against bullying, discrimination and sexual harassment
- Appointment of trained Bar Conciliators
- Judicial conduct policy
- Appointment of Judicial Conduct Advisers
- Briefed heads of each jurisdiction on findings
- Joint development of a protocol with the courts well-advanced
- Maintenance of counselling service
- New working groups on cultural diversity and LGBTI issues
- Online support resource launched
- CPDs held on sleep and perfectionism (and much more to come)
- Funding secured for development of Health & Wellbeing information and resources portal

